



SAPIENT Architecture



The ART Project: An ontology based article preparation tool

Dr Maria Liakata¹ and Dr Larisa N. Soldatova², Department of Computer Science, University of Wales, Aberystwyth ¹mal@aber.ac.uk ²lss@aber.ac.uk

Collaborators: Colin R. Batchelor (RSC), Helen H. Fielding (UCL), Elizabeth Lyon (UKOLN), Stuart Lewis (IS, AU), Claire Q (AU), Simone Teufel (Cambridge), Ross King (AU)

Outcomes of the ART Project

The aim of the ART project was to create a tool to allow the annotation of *core scientific concepts* in papers. To this effect we developed a tool (**SAPIENT**) to enable users (authors, editors, reviewers, experts) to annotate papers with concepts such as 'Goal', 'Motivation', 'Object', 'Hypothesis', 'Background', 'Model', 'Experiment', 'Method', 'Observation', 'Result', 'Conclusion'.

These concepts constitute the **CISP meta-data** and were verified through an on-line survey addressed to researchers. The CISP meta-data were accompanied by a set of guidelines for their implementation as an annotation scheme.

We worked with 16 experts, who used the guidelines and SAPIENT to create a corpus of 225 papers manually annotated with CISP concepts (**ART corpus** > 1 million words). These papers cover topics in Physical Chemistry and Biochemistry and were provided by the Royal Society of Chemistry (RSC). However, CISP and SAPIENT are domain independent and our approach can be applied to a wide range of scientific disciplines. Our project outcomes will facilitate information extraction from papers and constitute a mile-stone towards the automatic refereeing of papers.

The CISP meta-data:

Background Conclusion Experiment Goal Hypothesis Method Model Motivation Object Observation Results

SAPIENT:

Index | Refresh | Auto Annotate | Clear Auto Annotations | Clear Own Annotations | Save | Help

Background Conclusion Experiment Goal Hypothesis Method Model Motivation Object Observation Results

¹ A new approach for DNA detection by SERRS

Object T New T Obj1

Object M New M Obj1 M	User Input	Browser		Server
2 A new approach for the detection of DNA using surface enhance resonance Raman scattering (SERRS) is reported. Object New Obj1	Paper in .xml	Page for paper upload &	XML Http request response	Paper saved as source.xml
3 The majority of existing techniques use fluorescence spectroscopy with advanced probe design to provide information on the identity of specific DNA sequences down to single base resolution. Method Old Met1 Image: Met1		links to uploaded papers	Click on paper	 Paper is split into sentences with SSSplit Paper saved
A new approach to the labelling of DNA is discussed which uses Michael addition to couple thiolated DNA dye labels specifically designed to attach to silver surfaces. Method New Met2 Select a concept id		in dynamic html Javascript based	with .xsl	as mode2.xml Annotations saved
5 When combined with existing Met1 Met2 ive detection of DNA using commercially available labels new class of biomolecular probe known as a SERRS Beacon was produced. Object New Obj1		CISP	Click on Save	In mode2.xml
6 The detection techniques of fluorescence and surface enhanced resonance Raman scattering (SERRS) are combined to give a sensitive and selective system for use in the development and creation of novel assays for specifically defined targets. Conclusion None Con1				OSCAR annotations

Download from: http://www.aber.ac.uk/compsci/Research/bio/art/sapient/

The ART corpus:

ing discrimination between components in a sample without the need for separation . </annotationART></s><s sid="24"><annotationART atype="GSC" type="Obj" conceptI D="Obj1" novelty="New" advantage="Yes">In addition, it is an extremely sensitive technique with single molecule detection reported<REF TYPE="P" text="6,7" ID="c it6 cit7">6,7</REF>. </annotationART></s><s sid="25"><annotationART atype="GSC" itype="Met" conceptID="Met5" novelty="New" advantage="None">The work reported her was carried out using citrate reduced silver nanoparticles since, by careful ci

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The **ART corpus** was developed primarily to add value to scientific papers, through semantic markup that would make it easier for natural language processing and semantic web applications to automatically extract information per-taining to core scientific concepts.

The ART corpus can also be used as a training set for machine learning algorithms, in order to automate the annotation of papers with CISP meta-data. The sustainability of and the benefits obtained from annotating papers with CISP meta-data will be investigated by the JISC funded SAPIENT Automation (SAPI-ENTA) project.